

# USE OF SWARM INTELLIGENCE IN SPACECRAFT CONSTELLATIONS FOR THE RESOURCE EXPLORATION OF THE ASTEROID BELT

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## ABSTRACT

We describe the Prospecting ANTS Mission (PAM) whose object is to explore the resource potential of the Solar System's Asteroid Belt. The mission, set about 20-30 years in the future, is consistent with the present NASA strategic plan for the HEDS (Human Exploration and Development of Space) enterprise. In this plan, the automated discovery of space resources is envisioned as a building block for expanding the human presence in space.

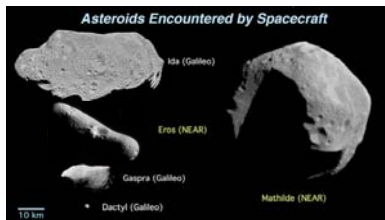
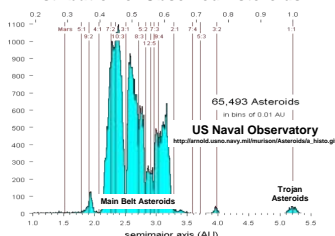
**The Main Belt Asteroids are Central to NASA Themes**  
Space Science Origins  
Human Exploration and Development of Space

**Main Belt Asteroids**  
~ 10<sup>5</sup>-10<sup>6</sup> objects (>1km diameter)  
Between the orbits of Mars and Jupiter (2.1 AU – 3.3 AU)  
Surface of largest 1000 observed asteroids is ~ 70% the area of Mars.  
The remainder may dwarf the surface area of the Earth.

**Asteroid Resources**  
Refractory (Fe, Ni, Si) materials dominate inner belt  
Volatiles (NH<sub>4</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O) abundant in outer belt

**Asteroid Science**  
Wide range of processes and history represented  
Processed material and primordial material

## Distribution of Observed Asteroids



The Main Belt Asteroids are a challenging target.

- Thousands of destinations
  - ⇒ complex mission planning and trajectories
- Far from Earth and the Sun
  - ⇒ communication/control latencies & bandwidth
  - ⇒ weaker Solar constant
- Most are small and dark
  - ⇒ hard to find
- Irregular shape
  - ⇒ complex observation requirements
- Irregular, rotating mass distribution
  - ⇒ irregular, rotating gravity field
  - ⇒ complex encounter and orbital dynamics

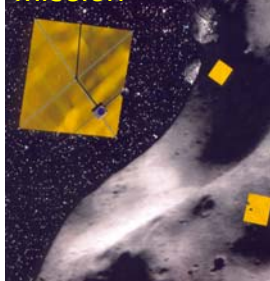
## Requirements to prospect thousands of asteroids a year

- Deep space operations far from Earth and Sun
- One month of optimal science operations at each asteroid
- Full suite of science instruments deployed at each asteroid
- Concurrent operations at hundreds of asteroids
- No single point of failure
- Robust to minor faults and catastrophic failures
- Optimal operations in spite of mission attrition

⇒ **Multiple, specialized, redundant spacecraft**  
**Autonomous operations at many levels**  
-- from swarm to spacecraft to subsystem

## Autonomous Nano-Technology Swarm

## Prospecting ANTS Mission



Artist's Concept of the Prospecting ANTS Mission

**ANTS Mission Architecture**  
Specialized spacecraft  
Division of labor  
Optimal operations  
Cooperation to achieve mission goals  
Insect colony analog of social behavior

**Prospecting ANTS Mission**  
A swarm of specialized spacecraft  
Single instrument Sciencecraft Workers  
Messenger/Rulers for Comm & Control  
Hierarchical Insect-colony analog  
Swarm-level mission directed behavior  
Sub-swarm  
regional coverage, resource sharing  
Team/Worker-group  
coordinated science operations  
Individual behaviors and autonomy  
Sub-individual, systems & subsystems

**PAM Spacecraft**  
Highly autonomous  
Solar sail propulsion  
High agility, exceptional control  
No consumables  
Pico-spacecraft ~ 1 kg  
Constructed at Liberation point habitat  
Mission function optimized  
Workers: Specialized science  
Imaging, Spectrometry, Gravimetry  
Messenger/Rulers  
Communications & Control  
Data processing & archival  
Mission goal & operations mgmt.

## AUTONOMOUS NANO-TECHNOLOGY SWARM PROSPECTING ANTS MISSION



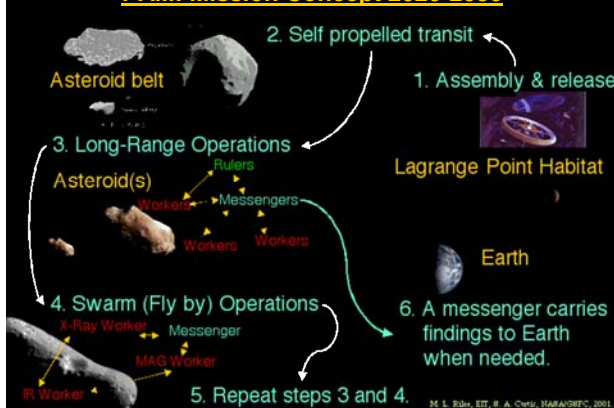
**MESSENGER/RULERS**  
Enhanced Communication  
Enhanced Data Storage  
Responsible for mission goals  
Provide command & communication network



**WORKERS**  
Specialists in a science instrument  
Responsible for science operations  
Form teams for asteroid encounters

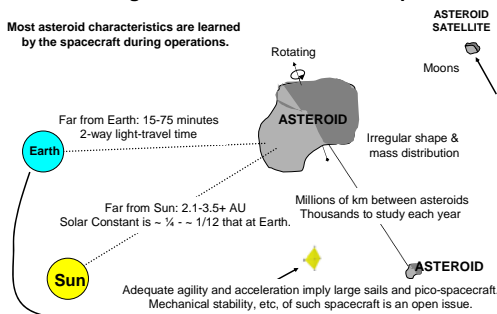
Both classes built on an autonomous spacecraft architecture providing basic functions (GN&C, ACS...).

## PAM: Mission Concept 2020-2030



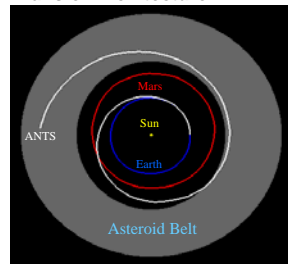
## PAM Challenges for low thrust Solar Sail spacecraft

Most asteroid characteristics are learned by the spacecraft during operations.

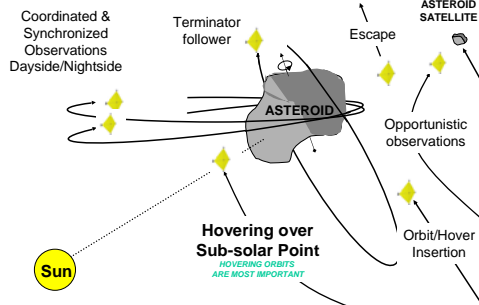


## PAM Transfer Architecture

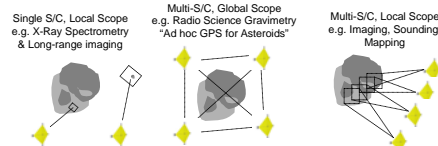
- Solar sail size: 100 m<sup>2</sup>
- S/C Mass: 1 kg
- Flat plate normal from sun line: 30°
- Transfer to: 2.8 AU
- Transfer time: 3.5 yr.
- da/dt ~ 100 Mm/12 hrs.



## PAM Encounter Architecture



## Autonomous, Optimized Science Operations



## Swarm/Constellation Communications, Control, & Cohesion

